Remuneration report 2022

Introduction

This report describes how the guidelines for executive remuneration at Ratos AB, adopted by the 2022 Annual General Meeting, were implemented in 2022. The report also provides information on remuneration to the CEO and a summary of the company's outstanding share-related and share price-related incentive programmes. The report has been prepared in accordance with the Swedish Companies Act and the Rules on Remuneration of the Board and Executive Management and on Incentive Programmes (the "Remuneration Rules") issued by the Swedish Corporate Governance Board.

Further information on executive remuneration is available in Note 7 Employees, personnel costs and remuneration to senior executives and boards on pages 92-97 of the 2022 Annual Report. Information on the work of the compensation committee in 2022 is set out in the Corporate Governance Report available on pages 58-65 of the 2022 Annual Report.

Remuneration of the Board of Directors is not covered by this report. Such remuneration is resolved annually by the Annual General Meeting and disclosed in Note 7 on pages 93-95 of the 2022 Annual Report.

Key developments 2022

The CEO summarises the company's overall performance in his statement on pages 14-17 of the 2022 Annual Report.

The company's remuneration guidelines: scope, purpose and deviations

A prerequisite for the successful implementation of the company's business strategy and safeguarding of its long-term interests, including its sustainability, is that the company can recruit and retain qualified personnel. To this end, the company must offer competitive remuneration. The company's remuneration guidelines enable the company to offer executives competitive total remuneration. Under the remuneration guidelines, executive remuneration shall be on market terms and may consist of the following components: fixed cash salary, variable cash remuneration, pension benefits and other benefits. The variable cash remuneration shall be linked to predetermined and measurable financial or non-financial criteria. They may be individualised, quantitative or qualitative objectives. The criteria shall be designed to contribute to the company's business strategy and long-term interests, including its sustainability, by for example being clearly linked to the business strategy or promote the executive's long-term development.

The guidelines are found on pages 54-55 of the 2022 Annual Report. During 2022, the company complied with the applicable remuneration guidelines adopted by the general meeting. No deviations have been made from the guidelines and no deviations have been made from the decision-making process that, according to the guidelines, is to be applied when determining remuneration. The auditor's report regarding the company's compliance with the guidelines is available at<u>www.ratos.com/bolagsstyrning</u>. No remuneration has been reclaimed. In addition to remuneration covered by the remuneration guidelines, the Annual General Meetings of the company have resolved to implement long-term share-related incentive programmes.

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Table I – Total CEO remuneration in 2022 (kSEK)

	Fixed remun	eration	Variable rer	nuneration			
Senior executive's name (position)	Basic salary ¹⁾	Other benefits ²⁾	One-year ³⁾	Multi-year ⁴⁾	Pension expense ⁵⁾	Variable remuneration	Proportion of fixed and variable remuneration %
Jonas Wiström (CEO)	9,716	146	0	2,457	2,851	15,170	84/16

¹⁾ Basic salary including holiday pay of kSEK 212.

²⁾ Refers to company car and healthcare.

³⁾ One-year variable remuneration refers to a bonus of SEK 0 attributable to 2022.

⁴⁾ Multi-year variable remuneration refers to securities benefits (kSEK 1,638) and subsidies (kSEK 819) regarding warrants in Ratos's long-term incentive programme 2022.

⁵⁾ Refers to defined contribution pension and has been reported in full as fixed remuneration.

Share-based remuneration

Outstanding share-related and share price-related incentive programmes

Convertible and warrant programmes

The 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2022 annual general meetings voted to introduce five long-term incentive programmes for the CEO and other key personnel in Ratos (LTI2018, LTI2019, LTI2020, LTI2021 and LTI2022) consisting of convertibles and warrants (hereinafter the "Instruments"), where participants in the programme were free to decide how large a share of the Instruments offered should comprise convertibles and/or warrants, except for LTI2021 and LTI2022, where participants, with certain exceptions, were free to decide how large a share of the Instruments offered should comprise convertibles but the share of warrants could comprise a maximum of 50% of the Instruments offered. The aforementioned convertible programmes extend for no more than four years and can be exercised after approximately three years at the earliest. The aforementioned warrant programmes extend for no more three and a half to five years and can be exercised after approximately three and a half to five years and can be exercised after approximately three and a half to five years and can be exercised after approximately three and a half to five years and can be exercised after approximately three and a half to five years and can be exercised after approximately three and a half to five years and can be exercised after approximately three years at the earliest.

The participants have received warrants free of charge, which means they have received a benefit corresponding to the market value of the warrants on the allotment date, calculated according to the Black & Scholes model. One prerequisite for the allotment of warrants is that the participant has signed an agreement regarding repurchases, etc. with the company whereby the company or purchaser designated by the company has the right to repurchase warrants if the participant's employment is terminated (at the lower of market price and purchase price if employment is terminated within approximately 18 months from the allotment, and at market price if employment is terminated after about 18 months from the allotment).

Under LTI2022, Ratos subsidised part of the cost, meaning that the net cost of the warrants for participants in the programme amounted to about 25% of the taxable benefit, from the first acquired warrant. The subsidy is received in connection with the allotment.

Ratos has issued and allotted a total of 4,884,800 Instruments to the participants, which are still outstanding as of 31 December 2022, distributed as follows: 2,813,100 convertibles and 2,071,700 warrants. The CEO has been allotted a total of 400,000 warrants and 400,000 convertibles, which are still outstanding. Ratos's convertible debentures amounted to a nominal amount of just over SEK 112m as of 31 December 2022. The increase in the company's share capital may, in the event of full exercise of the Instruments, amount to no more than SEK 15,387,120.00 (assuming the current quota value and that no recalculation has taken place in accordance with the terms and conditions), which, as of 31 December 2022, corresponded to dilution of approximately 1.50% of the shares in Ratos, based on the number of shares outstanding.

It was noted that the exercise period for the convertibles under LTI2018 began during 2021 and that the exercise period for the convertibles under LTI2019 began during the year, that all remaining convertibles under LTI2018 and LTI2019 were converted to shares during the year, and that the exercise periods for the other aforementioned convertible programmes have not yet begun.

It was also noted that the exercise period for the warrants under LTI2018 began during the year, that a total of 282,264 warrants were exercised for shares during the year, that a total of 80,000 warrants are still outstanding, that the maturity date for the program is 8 June 2023, and that the exercise periods for the other aforementioned warrant programmes have not yet begun.

Call option programmes

The 2017 Annual General Meeting voted to introduce a call option programmes for the CEO and other key personnel in Ratos (KO2017).

The call option programmes extend for no more than five years and can be exercised after approximately three and a half years at the earliest. The participants have paid a market premium for the call options in the programmes. The acquisition of call options will be subsidised by the purchaser receiving an extra cash remuneration corresponding to a maximum of 50% of the option premium after deduction for 55% standard tax, whereby the remuneration will be divided into equal components over five years, normally provided the person concerned is still working for the Ratos Group and still holds options acquired from Ratos or shares acquired through the options. The call options are issued on treasury shares.

It was noted that the exercise period for KO2017 expired during the year, that a certain number of holders exercised a total of 62,500 options (corresponding to 62,500 shares) during the year, and that a total of 62,500 options that were outstanding at the beginning of the year were exercised during the year. The CEO has not been allotted any call options in KO2017.

Synthetic options

The annual general meetings from 2013 to 2017 resolved on cash-settlement option programmes related to Ratos's investments outstanding in companies. These programmes are carried out through the issue of synthetic options that have been transferred at market price. These programmes give key personnel in Ratos an opportunity to share in the portfolio companies' growth in value. These options gain value only when Ratos's average annual return exceeds a certain percentage (which varies between 8% and 15%). The purchase of options is subsidised by the option purchaser having received extra cash remuneration corresponding to a maximum of 50% of the option premium, whereby the remuneration is divided into equal components over four years, normally provided the person concerned still works for the Ratos Group and still holds options acquired from Ratos. The CEO has not been allotted any synthetic options.

It was noted that no cash-settlement option programmes related to Ratos's investments in companies expired during the year.

Table 2 – Warrant programmes (CEO)

			The main condit programmes	ions for the warr	ant			Opening	Informatio	on regarding the	reported financi	al year*	
								balance	During	the year		Closing balance	
Name of the holder	l Name of programme	2*** Performanc e period	3 Allotment date	4** Vesting date	5 End of retention period	6 Exercise period	7 Exercise price (subscrip tion price) (SEK)	8 Warrants held at beginning of year	9 Warrants allotted	10** Warrants vested	*** Warrants subject to performance condition	12** Warrants allotted and unvested	13 Warrants subject to retention period
(position)													
Jonas Wiström (CEO)	LTI2019	N/A	3 Jun 2019	I Dec 2020	N/A	14 Dec 2022 14 Jun 2024	28.70	100,000	0	0	N/A	0	N/A
	LTI2021	N/A	29 Mar 2021	I Oct 2022	N/A	30 Apr 2024 29 Nov 2024	44.93	150,000	0	150,000	N/A	0	N/A
	LTI2022	N/A	20 May 2022	21 Nov 2023	N/A	31 May 2025 15 Dec 2025	46.61	0	150,000**	0	N/A	150,000	N/A
Total								250,000	150,000	150,000	N/A	150,000	N/A

* In 2022, there were changes to the warrant programme LTI2018, in which the CEO exercised his 100,000 warrants. * In 2022, there were no changes to the warrant programmes LTI2019 (in which the CEO holds 100,000 warrants) or LTI2021 (in which the CEO holds 150,000 warrants). In 2020, the CEO was not allotted any warrants under LTI2020, but rather only convertibles (for more information, refer to Table 3 below) In 2022, the CEO was allotted 150,000 warrants under LTI2022.

**One pre-equivite for the allotment of warrants in all warrant programmes is that participants have signed an agreement regarding repurchases, etc. with the company whereby the company has the right to repurchase warrants if the participant's employment is terminated (at the lower of market price and purchase price if employment is terminated within approximately 18 months from the allotment and at market price if employment is terminated after about 18 months from the allotment). The warrants are therefore specified as vested after about 18 months from the allotment.

*** Warrants are not covered by any performance conditions.

Table 3 – Convertible programmes (CEO)

									Informati	ion regarding the	reported financia	al year*	
			The main conditi programmes	ions for the conv	rertible			Opening					
								balance	Durin	g the year	c	Closing balance	
Name of the holder	l Name of programme	2** Performanc e period	3 Allotment date	4** Vesting date	5 End of retention period	6 Exercise period	7 Exercise price (conversi on price) (SEK)	8 Convertibles held at beginning of year	9 Convertibles allotted	10** Convertibles vested	11** Convertibles subject to performance condition	12** Convertibles allotted and unvested	13 Convertibles subject to retention period
(position)													
Jonas													
Wiström (CEO)	LTI2020	N/A	22 May 2020	22 May 2020	N/A	30 Apr 2023 30 Apr 2024	22.65	150,000	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A
	LTI2021	N/A	29 Mar 2021	29 Mar 2021	N/A	30 Apr 2024 31 May 2025	47.50	150,000	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A
	LTI2022	N/A	20 May 2022	20 May 2022	N/A	31 May 2025 31 Jul 2026	48.91	0	100,000	100,000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total								300,000	100,000	100,000	N/A	N/A	N/A

* In 2022, there were changes to the convertible programme LTI2019, in which the CEO converted his I 50,000 convertibles to shares. In 2022, there were no changes to the convertible programmes LTI2020 or LTI2021, in which the CEO holds I 50,000 convertibles in each programme. In 2022, the CEO was allotted 100,000 convertibles under LTI2022.

** Convertibles are not covered by any performance conditions or limitations on disposal. The convertibles are therefore specified as vested in connection with allotment.

Application of performance criteria

The performance criteria for the CEO's variable remuneration have been selected to deliver on the company's strategy and to encourage behaviour that is in the long-term interests of the company. In the selection of performance criteria, the strategic objectives and short-term and long-term business priorities for 2022 have been taken into account.

Table 4 – Performance of the CEO in the reported financial year: variable cash remuneration

	I	2	3
Senior executive's name (position)	Description of the criteria related to the remuneration component	Relative weighting of the performance criteria	a) Measured performance and b) actual award/remuneration outcome
	EBITA growth in the Ratos group in 2022	65%	a) 0% b) kSEK 0
Jonas Wiström (CEO)	Growth in Profit before tax (EBT) for the Ratos Group in 2022	35%	a) 0% b) kSEK 0

Table 4 - Performance of the CEO in the reported financial year: variable cash remuneration

Comparative information on changes in remuneration and company performance

Table 5 – Changes in remuneration and company performance over the last five reported financial years (RFY) (kSEK)

Since this is Ratos's third remuneration report, the information in the table below pertains only to the 2020, 2021 and 2022 financial years.

	RFY 2021 vs RFY 2020	RFY 2022 vs RFY 2021	RFY 2022
Remuneration to the CEO	+3,904 (+21.0%)	-7,136 (-32.0%)	15,170
Consolidated operating profit ¹⁾	+198,986 (+13.7%)	-37,699 (-2.3%)	1,617,975
Average remuneration based on the number of full-time employees ²⁾ in the parent company	+170 (+9.3%)	-412 (-20.6%)	1,595

¹⁾ Consolidated operating profit pertains to continuing operations, meaning excluding Bisnode, which was reported as a discontinued operation during 2020 and 2021.

²⁾ Excluding members of Group management. However, remuneration to a previous member of Group management is included, in the aforementioned figure, for most of 2021. The remuneration comprises basic salary, other benefits, variable remuneration and pension expense, which is the same as the components included in the CEO's remuneration (Table 1). Total remuneration has been divided by the number of full-time employees in the parent company, excluding members of Group management, to obtain average remuneration.